N 9 3 2 2 2 8 9 5 Space Engineering Research Center &

MODE: STRUCTURAL TEST ARTICLE (STA)

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# MODE: Structural Test Article Motivation

• DETAILED MODEL AND UNDERSTANDING OF ON-ORBIT STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS IS IMPORTANT SINCE:

Detailed modelling is vital for robustness / performance of precision controlled structures. Resonant and transient response influence on-board vibration / acoustic environment. Incorrect modeling of dynamics can cause inadvertent CSI with attitude dynamics.

• NEED TO CORRECTLY MODEL AND UNDERSTAND NON-LINEAR EFFECTS ON A COMPONENT AND SUB-COMPONENT LEVEL. • UNDERSTANDING ON-ORBIT DYNAMICS WILL REDUCE UNCERTAINTIES

comparison of earth test results with 0-gravity test results.

verifying and validating analytical models.

adding to the scant data base of quality data available on the dynamics of large flexible space structures in 0-gravity.

## • GROUND BASED SIMULATIONS HAVE BEEN EXPLOITED

Options

(a) Suspended in air

(b) Suspended in vacuum

(c) Lofted in vacuum (Free-fall)

#### BUT:

(a) Air damping undesirable, suspension systems corrupt modal measurements, and the gravity field causes pre-loads and pre-deflections in the structure.

(b) Suspension and gravity!

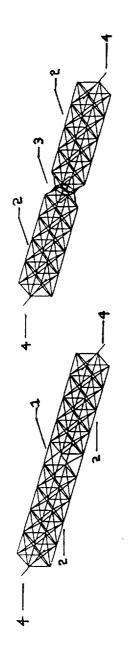
(c) Short time periods of free-fall reduce accuracy of modal identification due to

(i) Uncertain initial conditions (inhomogeneous terms)

(ii) Difficulty in exciting the structure

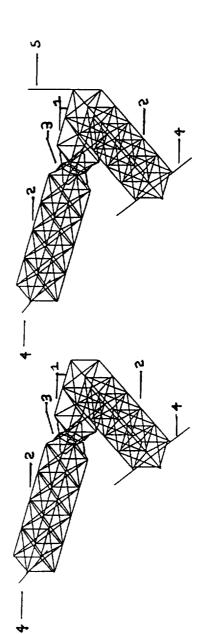
(iii) Poor signal-to-noise ratio

#### Hardware



KEY

- 1: Erectable Bay
- 2: Deployable Bays (4)
- 3: Alpha Joint
- 4: Rigid Appendage
- 5: Flex. Appendage



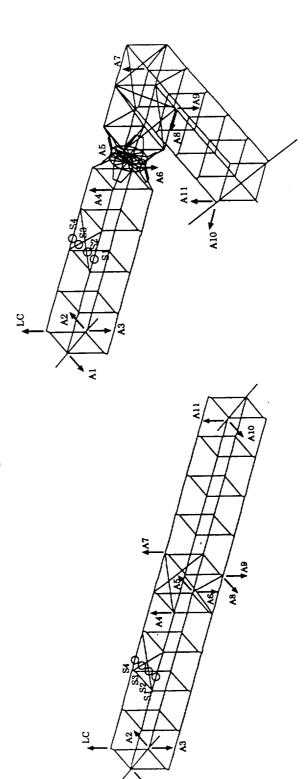
Four Test Configurations of the STA

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### Sensors and Actuator

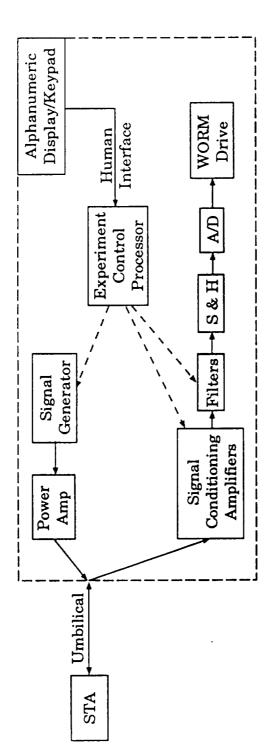
Sixteen sensor channels arranged and conditioned as full-bridge resistive gages

- -four strain gage pairs located on one face of adjustable preload bay
- eleven accelerometers (piezoresistive) at predetermined locations
- one load cell located in the proof-mass actuator housing



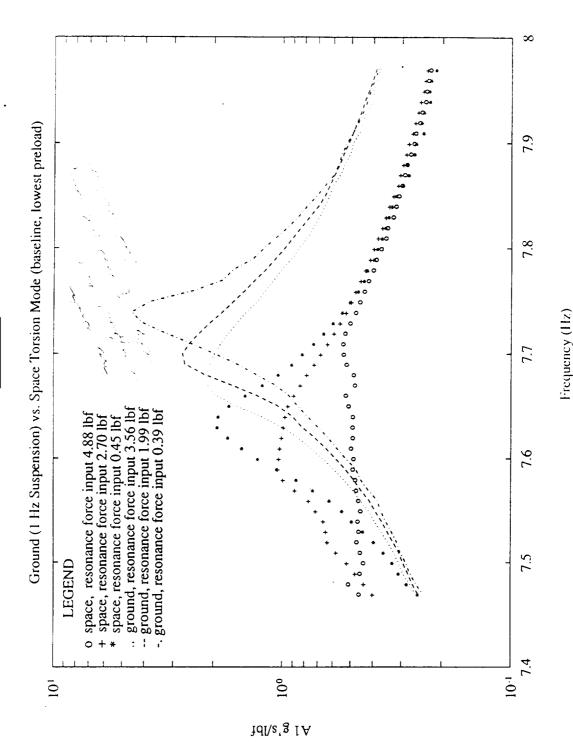
Sensor and actuator locations for Straight and L configurations.

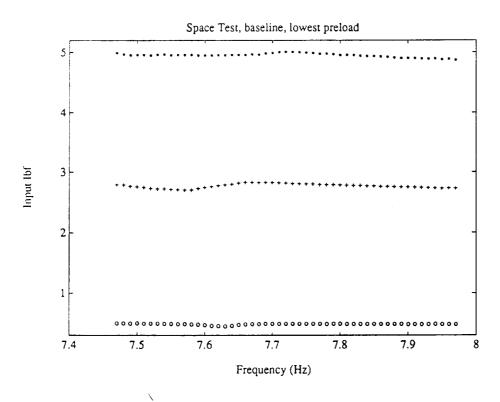
## Experimental Support Module

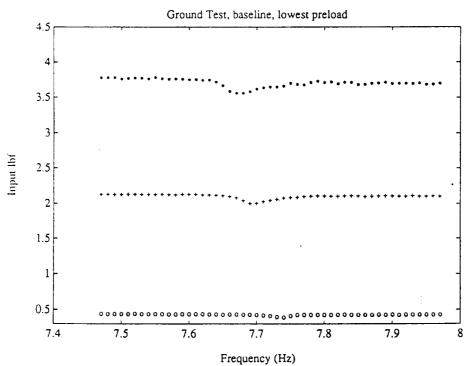


ESM Driven Flow Diagram

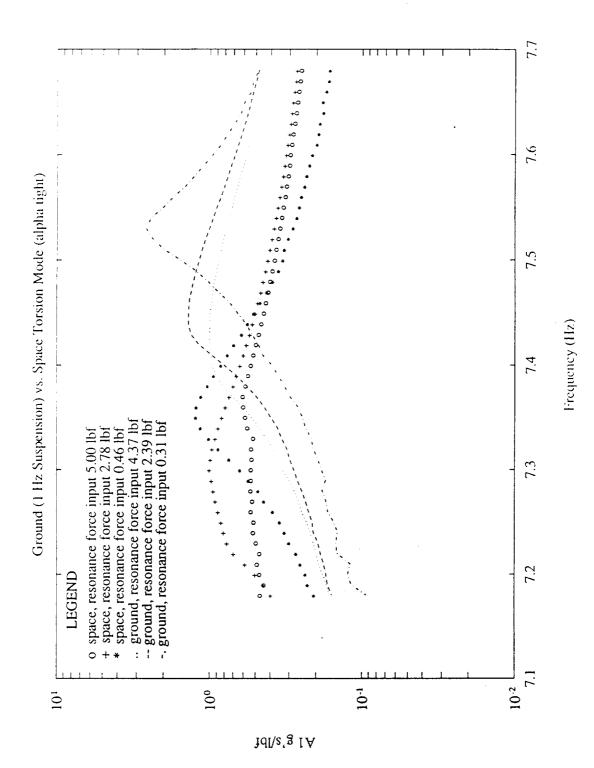
#### Data







### Data (cont.)



### Preliminary Results

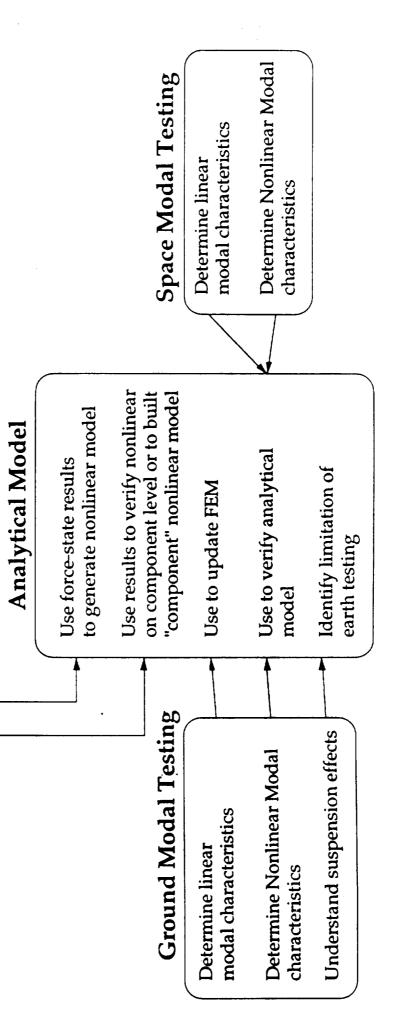
- MODES GENERALLY APPEAR SOFTER IN 0-GRAVITY
- RESONANCES EXHIBIT SIMILAR SHIFTS, ON THE GROUND AND IN 0-GRAVITY, RELATIVE TO INPUT FORCING LEVEL.
- MODES ARE GENERALLY MORE DAMPED IN 0-GRAVITY.
- DATA EXHIBIT SOME ANOMALIES, TO BE EXPLAINED BY NON-LINEAR **ANALYSIS?**
- SOME MODES OUT OF 0-GRAVITY TEST WINDOWS!

## Supporting Analysis Program

**Component Testing** 

Single joint testing

Bay testing



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